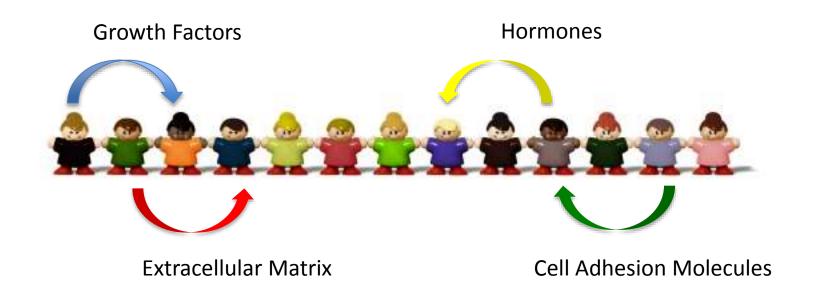
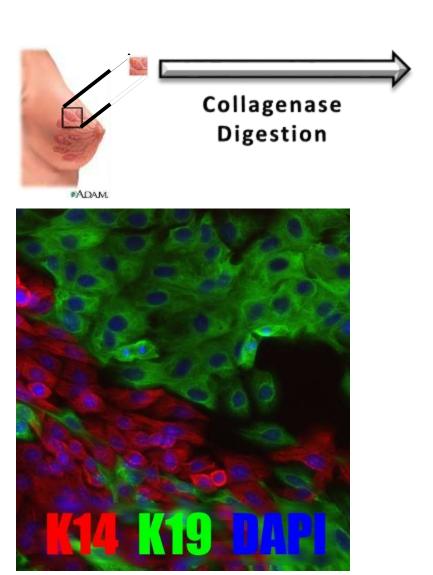
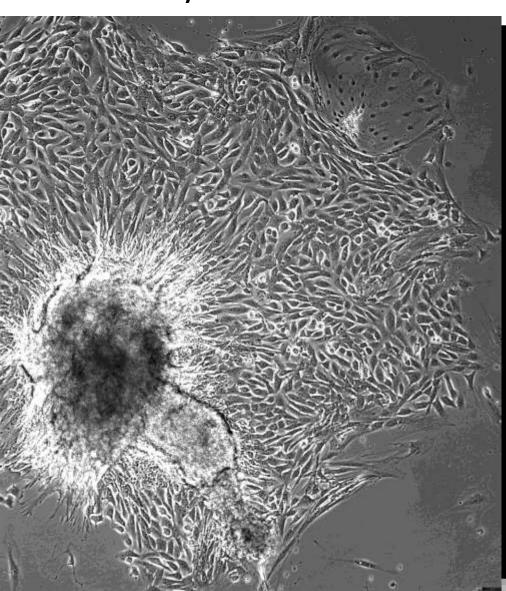
# Cancer is not a disease of individual cells, but principally a failure of cells and tissues to communicate properly



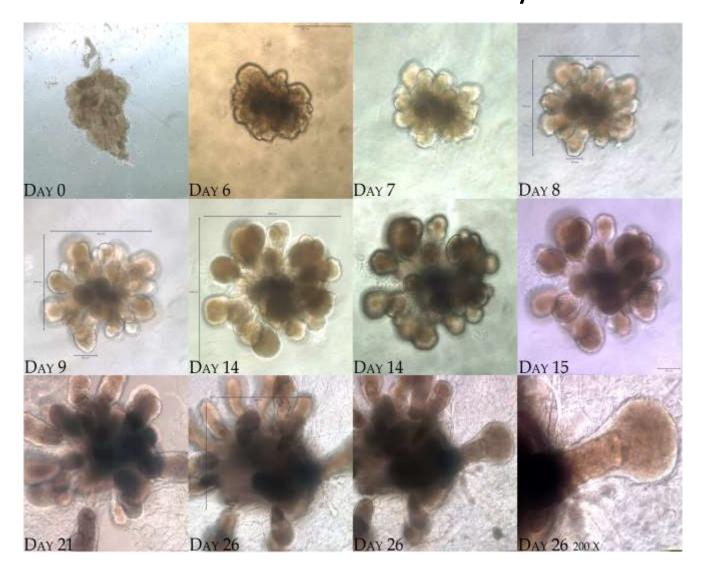
- Key to understanding breast cancer is understanding basic mammary biology.
- Research focused on critical developmental factors will improve understanding of the possible effects of environmental agents.

# 2D breast cell cultures on plastic do not organize and communicate correctly





# 3D organotypic cultures retain the ability to organize and communicate correctly

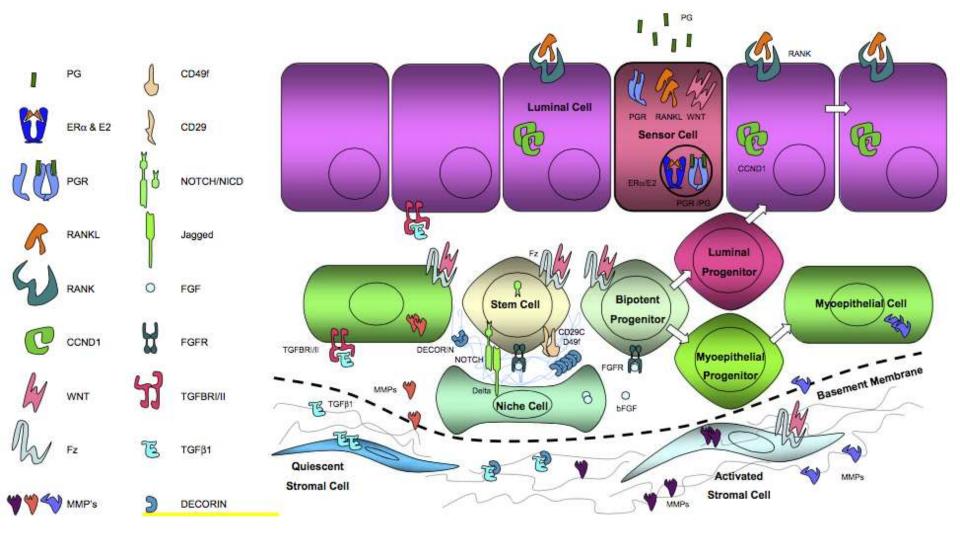


### Human mammary cell culture models

Culture	ERα(+)	Organization	Secretion
Tumor cell lines (e.g., MCF7, T47D)	+++	-	-
Immortal cell lines (e.g., MCF10A)	-	+	-
Primary cells	+	+/- *	+
HMSC-derived cells	+	+	+

<sup>\*</sup> Although primary cells exhibit organization, it is heterogeneous and unpredictable.

#### Stem cells and their progeny in adult breast tissue



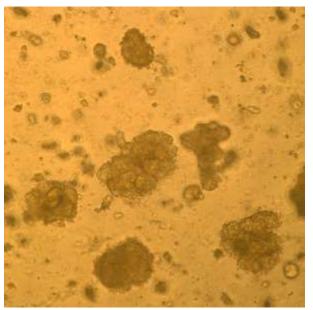
#### Primary cultures vs. HMSC-generated cultures

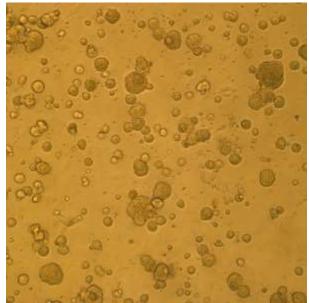
Primary cultures prepared directly from tissue

- Cells in various states of repair and remodeling
- Variable stem and progenitor cell content
- Variable ERα and PGR expression
- No control of developmental staging

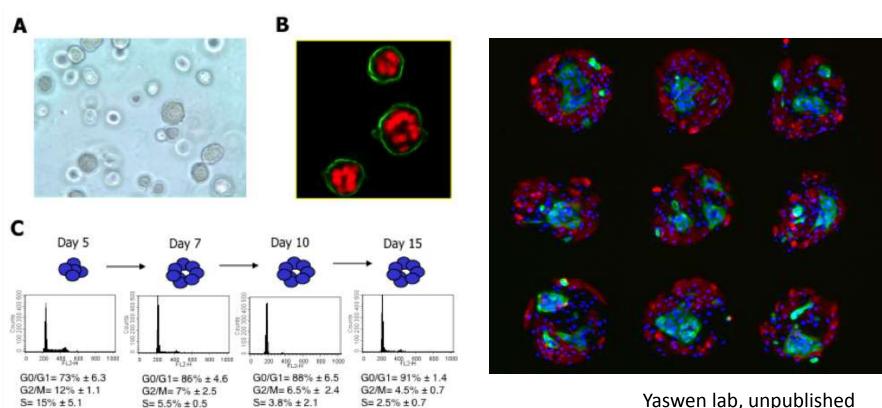
#### Secondary cultures prepared from HMSCs

- Synchronous growth and structure formation
- Consistent stem and progenitor cell content
- Consistent ERα and PGR expression
- Temporal control of developmental stages subject to environmental perturbations





### Can we generate homogeneous yet representative 3D organotypic cultures?



Fournier et al., 2006

Yaswen lab, unpublished

### 3D Breast Cell Culture Objectives

